available to the individual upon request of that individual, consistent with the provisions of the Privacy Act (5 U.S.C. 552a).

(e) When a DOE contractor is required to report to the Department, pursuant to Departmental requirements for occurrence reporting and processing, any exposure of an individual to radiation and/or radioactive material, or planned special exposure in accordance with §835.204(e), the contractor shall also provide that individual with a report on his or her exposure data included therein. Such report shall be transmitted at a time not later than the transmittal to the Department.

Subpart J—Radiation Safety Training

§835.901 General employees.

(a) All general employees shall be trained in radiation safety prior to receiving occupational exposure during access to controlled areas at a DOE site or facility. Allowance may be made for previous DOE training on generic radiation safety topics (i.e., those not specific to a site or facility), provided the training was received at another DOE site or facility within the past 2 years. Documentation of the previous training shall clearly identify the individual's name, date of training, topics covered, and name of the certifying individual. The knowledge of radiation safety possessed by general employees shall be verified by examination.

(b) Retraining shall be provided when there is a significant change to radiation protection policies and procedures that affect general employees and shall be conducted at intervals not to exceed 2 years.

$\$835.902 \quad Radiological \ workers. \\$

Radiological worker training programs and retraining shall be established and conducted at intervals not to exceed 2 years to familiarize the worker with the fundamentals of radiation protection and the ALARA process. Training shall include both classroom and applied training. Training shall either precede assignment as a radiological worker or be concurrent

with assignment as a radiological worker if the worker is accompanied by and under the direct supervision of a trained radiological worker. Radiological worker training not specific to a given site or facility may be waived provided that: This training has been received at another DOE site or facility within the past 2 years; there is provision of proof-of-training in the form of a certification document containing the individual's name, date of training, and specific topics covered; and an appropriate official has certified the training of the individual. The knowledge of radiation safety possessed by radiological workers shall be verified by examination prior to an unsupervised assignment. The training shall include procedures specific to an individual's job assignment. The level of training is to be commensurate with each worker's assignment.

§835.903 Radiological control technicians.

Training and retraining programs for radiological control technicians shall be established and conducted at intervals not to exceed 2 years to familiarize technicians with the fundamentals of radiation protection and the proper procedures for maintaining exposures ALARA. This program shall include both classroom and applied training. The training shall either precede performance of tasks assigned to radiological control technicians or be concurrent with such task assignments if the individual is accompanied by and under the direct supervision of a trained individual. The required level of knowledge of radiation safety possessed by radiological control technicians shall be verified by examination to include demonstration prior to any unsupervised work assignment. The training program shall include procedures specific to the site or facility where the technician is assigned. The level of training shall be commensurate with the technician's assignment. Allowance may be made for previous DOE training on generic radiation safety topics (i.e., those not specific to a site or facility), provided the training was received within the past 2 years.

§835.1001

Documentation of the previous training shall clearly identify the individual's name, date of training, topics covered, and name of the certifying individual.

Subpart K—Design and Control

§835.1001 Design and control.

(a) Measures shall be taken to maintain radiation exposure in controlled areas as low as is reasonably achievable through facility and equipment design and administrative control. The primary methods used shall be physical design features (e.g., confinement, ventilation, remote handling, and shielding). Administrative controls and procedural requirements shall be employed only as supplemental methods to control radiation exposure.

(b) For specific activities where use of physical design features are demonstrated to be impractical, administrative controls and procedural requirements shall be used to maintain radiation exposures ALARA.

§835.1002 Facility design and modifications.

During the design of new facilities or modification of old facilities, the following objectives shall be adopted:

(a) Optimization methods shall be used to assure that occupational exposure is maintained ALARA in developing and justifying facility design and physical controls.

(b) The design objective for controlling personnel exposure from external sources of radiation in areas of continuous occupational occupancy (2000 hours per year) shall be to maintain exposure levels below an average of 0.5 mrem (5 microsieverts) per hour and as far below this average as is reasonably achievable. The design objectives for exposure rates for potential exposure to a radiological worker where occupancy differs from the above shall be ALARA and shall not exceed 20 percent of the applicable standards in §835.202.

(c) Regarding the control of airborne radioactive material, the design objective shall be, under normal conditions, to avoid releases to the workplace atmosphere and in any situation, to control the inhalation of such material by workers to levels that are ALARA;

confinement and ventilation shall normally be used.

(d) The design or modification of a facility and the selection of materials shall include features that facilitate operations, maintenance, decontamination, and decommissioning.

§835.1003 Control procedures.

- (a) During routine operations, the combination of design features and administrative control procedures shall provide that:
- (1) The anticipated magnitude of the total effective dose equivalent shall not exceed 5 rems (0.05 sievert) in a year;
- (2) The anticipated magnitude of the committed dose equivalent to any organ or tissue, plus any deep dose equivalent from external exposure, shall not exceed 50 rems (0.5 sievert) in a year; and
- (3) Exposure levels are as low as reasonably achievable.
- (b) Compliance with the requirements in paragraph (a) of this section shall be demonstrated by appropriate monitoring pursuant to the provisions of subpart E of this part.

Subpart L—Releases of Materials and Equipment From Radiological Areas

§835.1101 Releases of materials and equipment from radiological areas.

The following requirements apply for the release of materials and equipment from radiological areas for use in controlled areas:

- (a) In radiological areas established to control surface or airborne radioactive material, material and equipment shall be treated as radioactive material and shall not be released from radiological areas to controlled areas if either of the following conditions exist:
- (1) Measurements of accessible surfaces show that either the total or removable contamination levels exceed the values specified in appendix D to this part; or
- (2) Prior use suggests that the contamination levels on inaccessible surfaces are likely to exceed the values specified in appendix D to this part.
- (b) Material and equipment exceeding the total or removable contamination